





## Bucks County Gazette:

JESSE O. THOMAS, Editor.

Thursday, November 20, 1879.

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BRISTOL, PA.TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.  
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—Congress will assemble on a week from next Monday.

—Ex-Doorkeeper Fitzhugh, the "bigger man than old Grant," has been deposed to swing himself out for Grant. That ought to give the bonus a tremendous bounce ahead.

—Mr. Seth Green announces an achievement of much interest. It is nothing more nor less than the domestication of a shad, naturally a salt-water fish, in Lake Ontario. Mr. Green thinks these fish have become land-locked, and will make the lake their home.

—The Hon. F. C. Beaman having declined the appointment as United States Senator to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Chandler, on account of ill-health, Governor Croswell appointed ex-Governor Henry P. Baldwin, of Detroit, to fill the vacancy.

—Robert Toombs' candidates for President are Senator Eaton of Connecticut, Senator Bayard and General Hancock, in the order named. As for Tilden, he would sooner vote for Grant. When Toombs was invited to unite in the Chicago demonstration in favor of Grant, the other day, he sent the following dispatch in reply:—  
"Atlanta, Ga. Your telegram received. I decline to answer except to say, present my personal congratulations to General Grant on his safe arrival to his country. He fought for his country honorably and won. I fought for mine and lost. I am ready to try to regain. Death to the Union.—R. Toombs."—President Hayes is one of the most sanguine Republicans in the country concerning the prospect for 1880. He said to the Washington correspondent of *The Cincinnati Commercial* recently that he considered all the doubtful States safely Republican. Even Indiana, he is confident, would vote to-day for the Republican ticket by from 12,000 to 15,000 majority. The State lies side by side with Ohio, and the same influences and arguments which carried one would carry the other. If the recent election in New York had been for President, (he thinks) the Republican majority would have been 20,000. It is the belief of New York Republicans that their majority next year will be double that figure.—A new book, just issued in New York, entitled "A Fool's Errand," by "One of the Fools," is highly commended by the critics. The *New York Tribune*, which is never lavish in its praises of new literary works, commends it in the following terms: "The elements of deep romance are here curious blended with an intensely realistic view of social life in the South since the close of the war and during the process of reconstruction. It is a work to be read with profound interest for its luminous exposition of historical facts, as well as to be admired for its masterly power of picturesque and pathetic description. In point of vivid scene painting, subtle intonations of character, and colloquial raciness and humor many of the sketches in this volume may well challenge comparison with the most effective passages in our fictitious literature, not excepting the wonderful pictures of actual life in 'Uncle Tom's Cabin.'"

—Houghton, Osgood &amp; Co's new anonymous novel, "An Earnest Trifler," seems in far way to win for itself a popularity approaching that of "One Summer." At ready it is selling as fast as other books, and a new edition has been called for. The author of the story is Miss Mary A. Sprague, of Newark, Ohio, the daughter of a well-to-do lawyer of that place. Miss Sprague spent a year at school in Cleveland, and "by a species of accident," as she says, "a winter in New York and a summer in New England." Colonel John Hay is reported as having said of the book: "There can be no doubt of the remarkable merits of the work, and, as it appears to me, equally little doubt of its immediate success. I have rarely seen a group of personages put forward with so keen and vivid a sense of reality. The style is singularly fresh and engaging, and the only fault that the dialogue is, perhaps, that everybody is a little too clever for a truly human nature."

—Mrs. Abba Good Woolson has been giving Boston some common sense notions about "The Training that Girls Need." In a paper read before the Moral Education Society she pronounced ill health a luxury that enormously increased the cost of living. She advises mothers to keep their girls from their own fate, and she asserted that girls should be made to lead a quiet life on a simple diet until they are fully grown, that they should exercise freely in the open air, that housework should be done by them in carefully ventilated rooms, that their dresses should be radically changed so that no longer shall their vital organs be compressed, or their hips weighed down with a mass of cloth that no man would willingly carry. Compliance with these rules, she believed, would give to the world a nobler, healthier race of women. The object of a girl's mental training should be, she said, to enable her to reason, not to fill her brain with superficial ideas. The processes applied to women's minds that are now devoted to the education of men, she considered would bring about the same results. She advised that girls pursue with thoroughness the disciplinary studies. Next to this she would place the perceptive faculties, in which women are now much more proficient than men. Woman should also be acquainted more or less intimately with physiology, natural philosophy, the laws of mechanics, chemistry, political economy, the characteristics of a republican form of government, rhetoric and natural sciences, all of which are far more important to the girl than the modern languages. First of all parental duties, Mrs. Woolson placed that of tending children, and especially girls, to earn an honorable living, no matter how wealthy their family may be, since no one is beyond the reach of possible poverty.

COLONEL INGERSOLL ON THE VOL-  
UNTEERS.

From his speech at the Grand Banquet, Chicago.

"The Volunteer Soldiers of the Union Army"—They were the defenders of humanity, the destroyers of prejudice, the breakers of chains, and, in the name of the future, slew the monster of their time. They finished what the soldiers of the Revolution commenced. They have left the torch that fell from their august hands and filled the world again with light. They blotted out from our statute books the laws passed by hypocrites at the instigation of robbers [loud applause], and tore with brave and indignant hands from the Constitution of the United States that infamous clause that made men the catchers of their fellow-men. [Applause.] They made it possible for Judges to be just, for statesmen to be humane, and for politicians to be honest. They broke the shackles from the limbs of slaves, from the souls of masters, and from the Northern brain. They kept our country on the map of the world and our flag in Heaven. [Applause.] They rolled the stone from the sepulchre of progress, and found therein two angels clad in shining garments—Nationality and Liberty. [Loud applause.]

The soldiers were the saviors of the Republic; they were the liberators of men. In writing the Proclamation of Emancipation, Lincoln, greatest of our mighty dead, whose memory is as gentle as a Summer air when ripens sugar and gathered sheaves, copied with the pen what the grand hands of brave comrades had written with their swords. [Applause.] Greater than the Greek, nobler than the Roman, the soldiers of the Republic, with patriotism as careless as air, fought for the rights of others, for the nobility of labor, and battled that a mother might own her child, that arrogant idleness should not rear the back of patient toil, and that our country should not be a many-headed monster made of warring States, but a Nation, sovereign, grand and free. [Applause.] Blood was water, money was leaves, and life was only common air, until one flag floated over one Republic, without a master and without a slave. And then was asked the question, "Will a free people voluntarily tax themselves to pay a Nation's debt?" The soldiers went home to their wives, to their glad children, and to the girls they loved. They went back to the fields, the shops, the mines. They had not been demoralized. They had been ennobled. [Cheers.] Mocking at reverses, laughing at poverty, they made a friend of toil. They said, "We saved the Nation's life, and what life without honor?" They worked and wrought, with all of labor's royal sons, that every pledge the Nation made might be redeemed. And their leader, having put a strong band of friendship, a garle of clasped and loving hands around the globe, came home to find, and finds, that every promise made in war has now the ring and gleam of gold. [Enthusiastic cheers.]

There is another question still. Will all the wounds of war be healed? I answer, yes. The Southern people must submit. Not to the dictation of the North, but to a Nation's will and the verdict of mankind. [Great applause.] They were wrong, and the time will come when they will say that the people are the victors who have been vanquished by the right. Freedom conquered them, and freedom will cultivate their fields, will educate their children, will weave robes of wealth, will execute the laws and fill their land with happy homes. [Applause.] The soldiers of the Union saved the South as well as the North. They gave us a Nation. They gave us liberty here, and then grand victories have made tyranny the world over as insecure as snow upon the lips of volcanoes. [Applause.]

And now let us think to the Volunteers, to those who sleep in unknown and sunken graves, whose names are known only to the hearts they loved and left, those who off in happy dreams can see the footprints of return. Let us drink to those who died where lifeless flames mocked at want. Let us drink to the named who gave modesty a tongue. Let us drink to those who dared and gave to chance the care and keeping of their lives. Let us drink to all the living and to all the dead—  
—to Sherman, and to Sheridan, and to Grant, the laureled soldiers of this world, and last to Lincoln, whose loving life, like a bow of peace, spans and arches all the clouds of war.

## The Bucks County Almshouse.

EDITOR GAZETTE.—While attending Institute at Doylestown, I had a desire to visit our Bucks County Almshouse and Hospital. My object in visiting those institutions were two fold. My first and most important object was to see a pupil of mine who has been in the hospital not quite a year and secondly, I must confess, curiosity was also a small part of the motive power which impelled me to take a four or five mile walk, and absent myself from the interesting exercises of the institute. Accordingly after breakfast on Thursday morning (which is visitor's day) I sought Prof. Woodruff, who was staying at Heust's Hotel, told him my mission, and asked him to excuse me from the Institute for half a day. He very readily gave me permission (perhaps he was glad to get rid of me), but however that may be, I felt thankful to him. As the town clock struck eight I started on my journey and soon brought up in the yard of those buildings, the management of which caused so much commotion throughout the county, and about which so much print ere's ink has been wasted. The first thing that struck me was the beautiful location. Surely a better one could not have been chosen, for beauty of situation, health and fertility it is not, perhaps, excelled in Bucks county. On entering the door of the hospital I was invited to a seat, while the attendant went to call the Steward, who soon made his appearance. On inquiring whether the boy I wanted to see was in the hospital, I was answered in the affirmative, and Steward Cornell led the way. I told him I intended to give things as I saw them to the public, and he said he would afford me every facility for seeing things as they were, and he faithfully kept his promise. I was now in the apartment for the male insane, where he left me to enjoy a quiet half hour with the boy I called to see. There were a number of persons in this ward, from the boy of 17 to the middle-aged man, some were wild and others were mild and gentle. One poor fellow paced the floor with hurried step, the brightness of whose eye, and its incessant sparkle, gave token of the fire that raged within. I tried to engage him in conversation, but he would not speak.

Others were as anxious to speak as he was to remain silent, and they spoke with so much gravity and apparent intelligence, that it was difficult to believe them insane. I had a long conversation with a few, three of whom were from Bristol, and they told me their story, with apparent truth. I was next taken into the female department. Here the same sight meets the visitor as in the other. Young girls and aged women, here was one poor girl about eighteen, whose insanity seemed to be of a nervous kind, who sat on the floor and constantly picked her fingers, in that remarkable style which is born alone of insanity. The females (a great many of them) did not look as strong or as robust as the men did. One big Dutch woman wanted to know who was going to preach to night, and wanted very badly to go to hear him. Another girl seemed to be very much afraid of the Steward, and wanted him to leave the room. Some of the stories told me by the insane were very amusing, but would make my letter too long to print. I think it was Milton, when threatened with insanity, played that God would leave him his reason, whatever other afflictions he might be pleased to send, and I never felt the force of that prayer so much as when visiting these insane.

I was next taken to the cripples' ward. Here a sight awaits the visitor such a sight! Deformity in all its phases here are to be found. Young boys and old men in all stages of deformity. Young boys, did I say? Ah, no! for though young in age, disease has set its seal on them, and driven every vestige of youth from them, except the name. When I looked at these boys resting on their crutches, their limbs bound up and supported by straps, their baggard and careworn faces, their emaciated bodies, and forlorn appearance seemed to say with the poet:—  
"Behold the chains wherewith I am bound  
Betwixt my soul and earthly ground  
Fain would I burst them and be free  
To regions of fulfilled desire."

When I thought of the rollicking, lolling boys that attend school, full of life, fun, and mischief; and compared them to those who are destined to remain for life, tied up in this building, I was forced to ask myself, as did others of old, "Who did this? This man or his parents?" In another apartment were a number of very old men who were confined to bed through old age. As the Steward passed through the ward they made their little complaints to him, and he seemed to have a kind, sympathizing word for each of them. This building is without doubt one of the cleanest and most orderly hospitals it has ever been to visit. Here neatness reigns supreme. Everything seems to have been done to alleviate the sufferings of the afflicted that could be done, and I felt proud that my taxes went to the support of such a place. It may be my lot, it may be your lot, to be an inmate of this hospital, and if it should be, we will thank God that we have such a home to go to.

And now a word to those who are perpetually grumbling at their condition. If you want to be cured, visit the hospital. No matter how distressed you are when you go in, you are sure to come out thank full that your portion has not fallen among the persons so fully described above. It is only by seeing such sights that you will be enabled to appreciate the blessings which God has so abundantly showered upon you, but in his wisdom has condescended to others. Then don't complain at your hospital tax. Remember it is to support those who can not support themselves, and the day may come when you and I will be thankful that the Bucks County Hospital exists.

## WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17th, 1879.  
EDITOR GAZETTE.—The equestrian statue of General G. H. Thomas, has arrived and will at once be placed in position. The most extensive preparations are being made for these exercises next week. The decorations at the circle where the monument stands, will be on a grander scale than those of any preceding unveiling. Amplest provision of seats for visitors will be made. All our military will parade, and every way it is intended, should the weather permit, to give the deceased hero a fitting memorial tribute, not only in a magnificent statue, but in appropriate ceremonies. Next week we will describe the whole affair more particularly, for should we attempt it now, it is possible our programme will through a November tempest be as mythical as a certain brilliantly pictured description in the past, in *Zimpe's Weekly*, of the President's New Years reception, which a heavy snow interposed to prevent. The artist's sketches of the various rooms of the White House, were of course correct, though prepared necessarily several days prior to the reception with the grand display made by visitors and callers, which his imagination pictured unfortunately did not occur. Mr. Ward the sculptor, has been engaged for more than six years in preparing the model of this statue, and the horse on which it is mounted, and it is claimed, has succeeded in giving us a perfect specimen of art. We hope so, for several of those already erected in our Parks, are open to severest criticism, sufficiently so to lead many to ask that we be spared further effort in the equestrian direction. We hope further that the pleasant balmy weather of the past ten days may continue, so that the thousands of visitors whom the unveiling and the reunion ceremonies will bring here, will not have their pleasure marred. Our hotels are already beginning to fill up with the advance columns of the numerous delegations from other cities.

Since our last letter, Mrs. Margaret Eaton, one of the most notable women that ever moved in Washington society, has passed away, after suffering from prolonged illness for several months. Mrs. Eaton became famous during General Jackson's administration, by her causing the disruption of his cabinet, through his attempt to force the members thereof to recognize her socially. Her maiden name was Margaret M. Mill, and she is said to have been peculiarly handsome and fascinating when she reached maidenhood. But the fact that she was a daughter of an inn keeper, sufficed to bar her from admission into the higher circles of Washington society, which in those days was as intensely aristocratic as any portion of the South and as strongly

opposed to parvenues as the Bourbons of France. Her maiden vivacity of disposition never deserted her, though we saw little in our limited intercourse with her during the past ten years to indicate that personal magnetism and strength of character that led her into single handed combat for years with official and social aristocracy and with which she was so eminently successful as to become virtual controller of the Government and dictator of the White House. Her tall slender form, only slightly stooped with age, her apparent intense mental and physical activity, clear cut features, marked throughout with decision of character showed how much she was capable of performing and of mastering if associated with the rare beauty and personal fascination which tradition gave to her. With the will of a member of a Cabinet she asserted her strongest power of mind for there she met the greatest obstacles interposed by society against her, and her history during those days reads like some vividly drawn description of fabulous life. Since the war she has led a retired life and particularly so since the eventual chapter growing out of her infatuation for and marriage with Buchanan, the dancing master. D. D.

## A NOTABLE TRIAL.

A Dead Man Accused of Forgery—An Interesting Case Which has Been on Trial at Doylestown.

DOYLESTOWN, Nov. 13.—The very important case that has been attracting the attention of the people of this place, and which has been demanding the time of our court for four days and evenings, has finally terminated. It was instituted by the executor and executor of Richard A. Johnson, deceased, father of William Johnson of the North Wales Record, against Benjamin E. Johnson and his father, Edwin Johnson. About two years ago Richard A. Johnson committed suicide under very and circumstances. Among his effects was found a judgment note for \$12,500 against the above named defendants, which was immediately entered as a lien upon the real estate of the defendants by the legal representatives of the deceased, and a demand made for payment, which was refused. A bill was then issued and a levy made. Subsequently proceedings were stayed, by an order of court and an issue directed to be tried by the merits of the case. The defendants maintained that the note was originally for \$500 and that they were indebted to that amount only. Experts were called to prove that the note had been tampered with, who pronounced it a forgery to the extent of \$12,000, and succeeded in establishing quite clearly and reasonably that the written words "twelve thousand," and the figures "12," before "500," had been inserted at some time after the body of the note had been filled in and evidently after the signature had been appended to it. It was further shown that Richard Johnson could not by any possibility have had \$12,500 to loan, because in January, 1877, a few months before he loaned the money, and took the note, he bought the farm upon which he died for \$12,000 and had no money of his own to pay for it. In April when the deed was made to him he gave a mortgage for \$8,000, and paid the balance of the purchase money, \$4,000, with money which he borrowed of his aunt, Mary Smith. It was shown that in May he sold ten acres of this farm to a neighboring land owner for \$1,100, and that it was \$500 of this money which he had lent to Benjamin E. Johnson, his nephew, and Edwin Johnson, his own brother, who are the defendants in this case. It was shown that Edwin Johnson was wealthy and had no need of borrowing \$12,500, and that he was only security for his son, the other defendant. It was testified that Richard A. Johnson in several instances spoke of lending his nephew Benjamin \$500. A letter to his wife was found upon his dead body in which he says "It is no disgrace to do as I have done. Man will do anything for money, as I did it, it is God's holy will." It was also in evidence that Mr. Johnson was the father of fifteen children, two of whom had been expensive to him, and that he had often complained of being unable to save money. In order to show that it was possible that Richard A. Johnson, deceased, might have had \$12,500 to loan to Benjamin and Edwin Johnson, notwithstanding that he had no money of his own to pay for his farm, the plaintiff's counsel set up this theory: That Richard A. and Edwin Johnson were brothers, and had started life with the same prospects, both being poor, and that as Richard A. died a poor man, although he had been a frugal and industrious farmer, and that as Edwin Johnson, one of the defendants is now rich, owning three farms, the only explanation to the above facts, was that Richard A. had lent his brother money as fast and as often as he had earned it, until the sum had grown so large that these defendants gave to the plaintiff a judgment note for the money borrowed, amounting to \$12,500. Defendants claimed that if the jury believed this note had been altered from \$500 to 12,500, the plaintiffs were not entitled to recover anything, because the willful alteration of a sealed instrument avoided it altogether. Verdict in favor of the defendants, which established that the note had been fraudulently altered. Geo. Ross &amp; L. F. James, N. C. &amp; John D. James and B. F. Gilkeson for the plaintiffs, G. H. Lear, Harman Yeakes and Hugh B. Eastman for the defendants.

—Mr. Moody and Mr. Sankey met first at a prayer meeting. The singing was poor, and a friend of Mr. Sankey's urged him to start a hymn after the next prayer. He did so, the people took it up, and it helped to make the meeting successful. After it was over Mr. Moody sent for him. "He did not say," says Mr. Sankey, "How do you do? or 'I am glad to see you,' or anything. He took me by the hand, though and immediately said, 'I have been looking for you for eight years. Where do you live?' I told him. 'How old are you?' I told him how old I was, and he asked, 'Are you married?' 'Yes.' 'How many children have you got?' 'One.' 'Well, I want you to leave your home and come to Chicago. I have got a place for you. You must come for there is a work there that the Lord wants you to do, and you must do it.' Well, two months passed, I hesitated, and he wrote me so much that I finally went to Chicago, sang for him in his church, and have been with him ever since."

The creditors of the defunct Newton banking company will probably consent to divide the funds in the hands of the assignee, all round pro rata.

## NEW AND NOTABLE.

Use Pilsner's Porous Plasters.  
The Persian salutes you with "May God cool your eye."  
Bouls, pimples on face, salt rheum, old sores, and all cutaneous eruptions disappear like magic when "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" is used.  
The Shih has established the decimal system of coinage.  
To cure the most intractable cures brought by "Dr. Soliers' Cough Syrup" would fill a volume. Its cures are marvelous. Price 25 cents.  
The people of Klamazoo dislike to be called "Klamazooans."  
Hans' "Delicious" "warranted" 10 lbs. 15 lbs. 25 lbs. 40 lbs. 50 lbs. 60 lbs. 75 lbs. 100 lbs. 125 lbs. 150 lbs. 175 lbs. 200 lbs. 225 lbs. 250 lbs. 275 lbs. 300 lbs. 325 lbs. 350 lbs. 375 lbs. 400 lbs. 425 lbs. 450 lbs. 475 lbs. 500 lbs. 525 lbs. 550 lbs. 575 lbs. 600 lbs. 625 lbs. 650 lbs. 675 lbs. 700 lbs. 725 lbs. 750 lbs. 775 lbs. 800 lbs. 825 lbs. 850 lbs. 875 lbs. 900 lbs. 925 lbs. 950 lbs. 975 lbs. 1000 lbs. 1025 lbs. 1050 lbs. 1075 lbs. 1100 lbs. 1125 lbs. 1150 lbs. 1175 lbs. 1200 lbs. 1225 lbs. 1250 lbs. 1275 lbs. 1300 lbs. 1325 lbs. 1350 lbs. 1375 lbs. 1400 lbs. 1425 lbs. 1450 lbs. 1475 lbs. 1500 lbs. 1525 lbs. 1550 lbs. 1575 lbs. 1600 lbs. 1625 lbs. 1650 lbs. 1675 lbs. 1700 lbs. 1725 lbs. 1750 lbs. 1775 lbs. 1800 lbs. 1825 lbs. 1850 lbs. 1875 lbs. 1900 lbs. 1925 lbs. 1950 lbs. 1975 lbs. 2000 lbs. 2025 lbs. 2050 lbs. 2075 lbs. 2100 lbs. 2125 lbs. 2150 lbs. 2175 lbs. 2200 lbs. 2225 lbs. 2250 lbs. 2275 lbs. 2300 lbs. 2325 lbs. 2350 lbs. 2375 lbs. 2400 lbs. 2425 lbs. 2450 lbs. 2475 lbs. 2500 lbs. 2525 lbs. 2550 lbs. 2575 lbs. 2600 lbs. 2625 lbs. 2650 lbs. 2675 lbs. 2700 lbs. 2725 lbs. 2750 lbs. 2775 lbs. 2800 lbs. 2825 lbs. 2850 lbs. 2875 lbs. 2900 lbs. 2925 lbs. 2950 lbs. 2975 lbs. 3000 lbs. 3025 lbs. 3050 lbs. 3075 lbs. 3100 lbs. 3125 lbs. 3150 lbs. 3175 lbs. 3200 lbs. 3225 lbs. 3250 lbs. 3275 lbs. 3300 lbs. 3325 lbs. 3350 lbs. 3375 lbs. 3400 lbs. 3425 lbs. 3450 lbs. 3475 lbs. 3500 lbs. 3525 lbs. 3550 lbs. 3575 lbs. 3600 lbs. 3625 lbs. 3650 lbs. 3675 lbs. 3700 lbs. 3725 lbs. 3750 lbs. 3775 lbs. 3800 lbs. 3825 lbs. 3850 lbs. 3875 lbs. 3900 lbs. 3925 lbs. 3950 lbs. 3975 lbs. 4000 lbs. 4025 lbs. 4050 lbs. 4075 lbs. 4100 lbs. 4125 lbs. 4150 lbs. 4175 lbs. 4200 lbs. 4225 lbs. 4250 lbs. 4275 lbs. 4300 lbs. 4325 lbs. 4350 lbs. 4375 lbs. 4400 lbs. 4425 lbs. 4450 lbs. 4475 lbs. 4500 lbs. 4525 lbs. 4550 lbs. 4575 lbs. 4600 lbs. 4625 lbs. 4650 lbs. 4675 lbs. 4700 lbs. 4725 lbs. 4750 lbs. 4775 lbs. 4800 lbs. 4825 lbs. 4850 lbs. 4875 lbs. 4900 lbs. 4925 lbs. 4950 lbs. 4975 lbs. 5000 lbs. 5025 lbs. 5050 lbs. 5075 lbs. 5100 lbs. 5125 lbs. 5150 lbs. 5175 lbs. 5200 lbs. 5225 lbs. 5250 lbs. 5275 lbs. 5300 lbs. 5325 lbs. 5350 lbs. 5375 lbs. 5400 lbs. 5425 lbs. 5450 lbs. 5475 lbs. 5500 lbs. 5525 lbs. 5550 lbs. 5575 lbs. 5600 lbs. 5625 lbs. 5650 lbs. 5675 lbs. 5700 lbs. 5725 lbs. 5750 lbs. 5775 lbs. 5800 lbs. 5825 lbs. 5850 lbs. 5875 lbs. 5900 lbs. 5925 lbs. 5950 lbs. 5975 lbs. 6000 lbs. 6025 lbs. 6050 lbs. 6075 lbs. 6100 lbs. 6125 lbs. 6150 lbs. 6175 lbs. 6200 lbs. 6225 lbs. 6250 lbs. 6275 lbs. 6300 lbs. 6325 lbs. 6350 lbs. 6375 lbs. 6400 lbs. 6425 lbs. 6450 lbs. 6475 lbs. 6500 lbs. 6525 lbs. 6550 lbs. 6575 lbs. 6600 lbs. 6625 lbs. 6650 lbs. 6675 lbs. 6700 lbs. 6725 lbs. 6750 lbs. 6775 lbs. 6800 lbs. 6825 lbs. 6850 lbs. 6875 lbs. 6900 lbs. 6925 lbs. 6950 lbs. 6975 lbs. 7000 lbs. 7025 lbs. 7050 lbs. 7075 lbs. 7100 lbs. 7125 lbs. 7150 lbs. 7175 lbs. 7200 lbs. 7225 lbs. 7250 lbs. 7275 lbs. 7300 lbs. 7325 lbs. 7350 lbs. 7375 lbs. 7400 lbs. 7425 lbs. 7450 lbs. 7475 lbs. 7500 lbs. 7525 lbs. 7550 lbs. 7575 lbs. 7600 lbs. 7625 lbs. 7650 lbs. 7675 lbs. 7700 lbs. 7725 lbs. 7750 lbs. 7775 lbs. 7800 lbs. 7825 lbs. 7850 lbs. 7875 lbs. 7900 lbs. 7925 lbs. 7950 lbs. 7975 lbs. 8000 lbs. 8025 lbs. 8050 lbs. 8075 lbs. 8100 lbs. 8125 lbs. 8150 lbs. 8175 lbs. 8200 lbs. 8225 lbs. 8250 lbs. 8275 lbs. 8300 lbs. 8325 lbs. 8350 lbs. 8375 lbs. 8400 lbs. 8425 lbs. 8450 lbs. 8475 lbs. 8500 lbs. 8525 lbs. 8550 lbs. 8575 lbs. 8600 lbs. 8625 lbs. 8650 lbs. 8675 lbs. 8700 lbs. 8725 lbs. 8750 lbs. 8775 lbs. 8800 lbs. 8825 lbs. 8850 lbs. 8875 lbs. 8900 lbs. 8925 lbs. 8950 lbs. 8975 lbs. 9000 lbs. 9025 lbs. 9050 lbs. 9075 lbs. 9100 lbs. 9125 lbs. 9150 lbs. 9175 lbs. 9200 lbs. 9225 lbs. 9250 lbs. 9275 lbs. 9300 lbs. 9325 lbs. 9350 lbs. 9375 lbs. 9400 lbs. 9425 lbs. 9450 lbs. 9475 lbs. 9500 lbs. 9525 lbs. 9550 lbs. 9575 lbs. 9600 lbs. 9625 lbs. 9650 lbs. 9675 lbs. 9700 lbs. 9725 lbs. 9750 lbs. 9775 lbs. 9800 lbs. 9825 lbs. 9850 lbs. 9875 lbs. 9900 lbs. 9925 lbs. 9950 lbs. 9975 lbs. 10000 lbs.A traveller on four continents says that the prettiest city in the world is Oak land, Cal.  
Have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and pronounce it the best medicine in use. A case of consumption here was cured by its use. We cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers.—Jeffers, Roberts & Co., South Boston, Va., November 17, 1879.  
Of the two hundred inmates of the State Almshouse at Providence, only five or six are Americans.  
The largest and best assortment of Wall Papers, New York and Philadelphia styles, in Bristol also a choice selection of window shades. Window shades made and hung from 75 cents to \$1.00. W. GRACE, Cedar street, between Walnut and Franklin streets, Bristol Pa.  
Several New England agitators are in favor of providing a fund for the support of aged school teachers.  
"I would if I could," said a person the other day, why asked I? "Well, I am in debt to a store, where they charge me about one third more, and if I could leave them, I would lead with Wood, where all goods are sold at bottom prices for cash."Pine tree cones, containing the seed, are now being exported in large quantities from this country to Europe.  
A NEW METHOD IN MEDICINE.—By it a new method every sick person can get a package of the fruit vegetable compound, Kidney Wort, and prepare for themselves six quarts of medicine. It is a specific cure for Kidney Diseases, Liver Complaint, Constipation and Piles, and a grand tonic for Females.

A young married couple at Chenoa, Ill., on going home from an entertainment the other day, forgot that they had left their baby at a neighbor's.

THEY WORK TOGETHER.—When your system gets out of tune and you feel completely played out, it is pretty certain that you need a medicine to act on both the Kidneys and liver, for these important organs work together in feeding the system of its waste, and keeping up the tone. They take Kidney-Wort, for this is just what it does, for it is both diuretic and cathartic.

It will cost at least \$150,000 to furnish the maimed Confederate soldiers of Georgia with artificial limbs, as contemplated by an act of the last Legislature.

HUMBLED AGAIN.—I saw so much bad about the merits of Hop Bitters, and my wife who was always doting and never well, teased me so urgently to get her some, I concluded to be humbugged again, and I am glad I did, for in less than two months' use of the Bitters, my wife was cured and she has remained so for eighteen months since. I like such humbugging.—H. T. St. Paul.

The food water and air which a man receives amount in the aggregate to more than 3,000 pounds a year—about a ton and a half, or about twenty times his weight.

A splendid dairy is one that yields its owner a good profit through the whole season. Bullitt must supply the cow with what they need in order for them to be able to keep up their product. When then but let's get light in color he must make it "Colt edged" by using Weiss, Richardson &amp; Co's Perfected Butter Color. It gives the golden color of June, and adds five cents per pound to the value of the butter.

Switzerland makes a handsome profit out of its mountain peaks and glaciers. Tourists get into the pockets of the Swiss and aggregate of \$45,000,000 during the season just passed.

That Quinine will cure Chills and Fever is well known. But it is strange that the other febrile principles contained in Peruvian bark are more powerful than Quinine, and do not produce any annoying head symptoms like quinine in the ears. This fact is proved by Dr. F. Wilbott's Anti-periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic, which is a preparation of Peruvian bark, without Quinine, according to the declaration of its proprietors, Wheeler, Putnam &amp; Co., of New Orleans.

The Zulu lady wears her wedding ring in her nose. A double purpose is thus served. It discourages promiscuous kissing and she is in little danger of losing her ring.

THE LAST CHANCE.—As The Independent of New York will withdraw all its editorial offers Dec. 31st, 1879, only a short time remains in which one can get a Worcester's UNABRIDGED "Pictorial" QUARTO DICTIONARY (retail price \$10) and 3 years' subscription for \$5, the price of the subscription alone for \$5, the best and largest newspaper in the world, if he has bought the "Pictorial" of Rev. Joseph Cook's famous Boston Monday Lectures and is publishing one each week. To tell all of its good things would occupy too much space. See advertisement in this paper.

At the annual meeting of the National Wool Association at the McDaniel Hotel Philadelphia, last Wednesday, James Dobbin, Esq., of Bristol, was elected Moderator of the Association, and that there were 75,000,000 pounds of wool consumed and 20,000,000 yards of carpeting were made within the limits of the city.

Use Pilsner's Porous Plasters.  
The Persian salutes you with "May God cool your eye."  
Bouls, pimples on face, salt rheum, old sores, and all cutaneous eruptions disappear like magic when "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" is used.  
The Shih has established the decimal system of coinage.  
To cure the most intractable cures brought by "Dr. Soliers' Cough Syrup" would fill a volume. Its cures are marvelous. Price 25 cents.  
The people of Klamazoo dislike to be called "Klamazooans."  
Hans' "Delicious" "warranted" 10 lbs. 15 lbs. 25 lbs. 40 lbs. 50 lbs. 60 lbs. 75 lbs. 100 lbs. 125 lbs. 150 lbs. 175 lbs. 200 lbs. 225 lbs. 250 lbs. 275 lbs. 300 lbs. 325 lbs. 350 lbs. 375 lbs. 400 lbs. 425 lbs. 450 lbs. 475 lbs. 500 lbs. 525 lbs. 550 lbs. 575 lbs. 600 lbs. 625 lbs. 650 lbs. 675 lbs. 700 lbs. 725 lbs. 750 lbs. 775 lbs. 800 lbs. 825 lbs. 850 lbs. 875 lbs. 900 lbs. 925 lbs. 950 lbs. 975 lbs. 1000 lbs. 1025 lbs. 1050 lbs. 1075 lbs. 1100 lbs. 1125 lbs. 1150 lbs. 1175 lbs. 1200 lbs. 1225 lbs. 1250 lbs. 1275 lbs. 1300 lbs. 1325 lbs. 1350 lbs. 1375 lbs. 1400 lbs. 1425 lbs. 1450 lbs. 1475 lbs. 1500 lbs. 1525 lbs. 1550 lbs. 1575 lbs. 1600 lbs. 1625 lbs. 1650 lbs. 1675 lbs. 1700 lbs. 1725 lbs. 1750 lbs. 1775 lbs. 1800 lbs. 1825 lbs. 1850 lbs. 1875 lbs. 1900 lbs. 1925 lbs. 1950 lbs. 1975 lbs. 2000 lbs. 2025 lbs. 2050 lbs. 2075 lbs. 2100 lbs. 2125 lbs. 2150 lbs. 2175 lbs. 2200 lbs. 2225 lbs. 2250 lbs. 2275 lbs. 2300 lbs. 2325 lbs. 2350 lbs. 2375 lbs. 2400 lbs. 2425 lbs. 2450 lbs. 2475 lbs. 2500 lbs. 2525 lbs. 2550 lbs. 2575 lbs. 2600 lbs. 2625 lbs. 2650 lbs. 2675 lbs. 2700 lbs. 2725 lbs. 2750 lbs. 2775 lbs. 2800 lbs. 2825 lbs. 2850 lbs. 2875 lbs. 2900 lbs. 2925 lbs. 2950 lbs. 2975 lbs. 3000 lbs. 3025 lbs. 3050 lbs. 3075 lbs. 3100 lbs. 3125 lbs. 3150 lbs. 3175 lbs. 3200 lbs. 3225 lbs. 3250 lbs. 3275 lbs. 3300 lbs. 3325 lbs. 3350 lbs. 3375 lbs. 3400 lbs. 3425 lbs. 3450 lbs. 3475 lbs. 3500 lbs. 3525 lbs. 3550 lbs. 3575 lbs. 3600 lbs. 3625 lbs. 3650 lbs. 3675 lbs. 3700 lbs.







## BE WILLING TO TRY.

Don't give up a case,  
I pray you, my friend,  
Nor judge at the first  
How the journey will end.  
The pathway is rugged,  
The mountain is high,  
But are you not a brave  
Be willing to try.

You gain quite a foothold,  
You stop by step, climb;  
Look out! Have a care  
How you tread; and take time!  
Let loose your watchword—  
Let truth be your cry;  
Though evil beest you,  
Be willing to try.

You're up near the summit—  
You're sighting the goal,  
Where rivers of beauty  
Unceasingly roll.  
Forgetting your footsteps,  
To think of the crown,  
One single step backward,  
And you may plunge down!

If so, don't give over—  
Men greater than you  
Have missed, not lost, their heart,  
Starting each time anew  
With what well in hand,  
And a glance at the goal.  
They said to their comrades:  
"Again will I try!"

Persistence works wonders,  
And luck is like gold,  
And he who would thrive  
Must have patience untold!  
Must wrestle with fate,  
Till the day he shall die,  
Or like the coward  
Who never will try!

Even your grief may be of a moving  
character, for when there are no bones  
the farmer's (s)ears will move the plow.

"What are you going to give me for a  
Christmas present?" asked a girl of her  
lover. "I have nothing to give but my  
humble self," was the reply. "The  
smallest favors thankfully received," was  
the merry response of the lady.

Cheerfulness is just as natural to the  
heart of a man as a strong health and color to  
his face, and neither is a habitual  
gloom there must be either bad air, un-  
wholesome food, improperly exerted labor,  
or erring habits of life.—Ruskin.

"Mamma," said a wicked youngster, "am  
I your canoe?" "No, my child, why do  
you ask?" "Oh, because you always say  
you like to see people paddle their own can-  
oes; and I didn't know but may be I was  
yours." The boy went out of the door  
with more resolve to speed than grace.

A friend of the late Senator Chandler says  
that the Senator often expressed a wish to  
die just as he did, suddenly and without  
suffering. He had such a strong conviction  
that such would be his end that he did not  
hesitate to express his belief that death  
would come to him as a thief in the night.

So live that when thy summons comes to join  
The innumerable choir where each shall take  
His chamber in the silent halls of death,  
Thou go not like the coward who, at night,  
Scorned to his dungeon, but, sustained and  
soothed  
By an untroubled trust, approach thy grave,  
Like one that wraps the drapery of his couch  
About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams.  
William Cullen Bryant.

Young man, devoted to and expressly  
manufactured for society, clapping his head  
in agony. "Ah, by Jove, how my head  
aches! Awfully, by Jove!" Sympathizing  
friend, student in Wilson's dental room:  
"Oh, you'd better have it pulled;" then,  
after a thoughtful pause, "or filled." Pat-  
ient moves away with an injured air, and  
the young dentist smiles after him more  
thoughtfully than ever.

A Boston exchange comments to the at-  
tention of the solid South the following  
variation of a familiar nursery ballad:  
The North wind doth blow,  
And we shall have snow,  
And what will poor Rebels do then, poor  
things?  
They're poor "issues" by the shafts,  
Keep the "nights" in the shafts,  
And this State rights men their wings—  
poor things.

One of De Quincy's great faults was his  
inability to adapt his conversation to the  
intelligence of his hearer. He would ad-  
dress a servant or a porter in the  
most extravagant diction. While stopping  
at Professor Wilson's, he once gave the  
cook some directions as to the way in  
which he wished his meat cut, with the  
grain or fibre, instead of across it, and he  
delivered himself as follows:—"Owing to  
dyspepsia afflicting my system, and the pos-  
sibility of any additional derangement of  
the stomach taking place, consequences in-  
calculably distressing would arise—so much  
so indeed as to increase nervous irritation,  
and prevent me from attending to matters  
of overwhelming importance—if you do  
not remember to cut the mutton in a di-  
agonal rather than in a longitudinal form."  
The humble Scotchwoman, in telling her  
mistress of it, exclaimed, "Mr. De Quincy  
would rank a grand prodder, though I'm  
thinking a battle of the folk wouldna ken  
what he was driving at."

Two young ladies under the stress of  
study and school work, who were  
evidently of a mechanical turn of mind, at  
last caused the instant death of a young  
man from the country. At the late Fair in  
Pennsylvania. They were looking at the  
sheep, and were admiring the artistic twist  
in the horns of the Southdown rams, when  
they opened on the youth in charge of the  
pens.

"What kind of lambs are those?" said  
one.  
"That's Southdown rams, mam," said  
the boy.

The young lady turned scarlet to the  
eyes, but her sister, who was evidently  
thirsting for information, broke in with—  
"Will you please show us in which cages  
the hydraulic rams are kept?" Pa says they  
are really wonderful.

The boy from the rural district had a  
spasm, and ripped the seams down the legs  
of his trousers with laughter. Then there  
was a rustling of skirts, and two young la-  
dies were missing.

ENLIGHTENMENT OF WOMEN.—John Amos  
Comenius, Bishop of the Moravian and Bo-  
hemian Brethren in Poland, A. D., 1632,  
was the originator or promulgator of certain  
educational ideas which are now consid-  
ered as modern innovations. Advocating  
universal education, he said:—"Nor to any  
something particular on this subject,  
can any sufficient reason be given why the  
weaker sex should be wholly shut off from  
the liberal studies, whether in the native  
tongue or in Latin, for they equally are  
God's image; equally are they partakers of  
grace and of the kingdom to come; equally  
are they furnished with minds agile and  
capable of wisdom; and the present low  
equality to them is there a possibility of at-  
taining high distinction, inasmuch as they  
have often been employed by God himself  
for the government of the peoples, the be-  
stowing of the most wholesome counsels on  
kings and princes, the science of medicine  
and other things useful to the human race;  
and, even the prophetic office and the rep-  
resentation of priests and bishops. Why, then,  
should we deny them the alphabet, but  
should deprive them books? The more we  
occupy their thoughts the less room will  
there be in some for rashness, which  
springs generally from vacuity of mind."

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ment at Par.

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IMPROVEMENT COMPANY. Payable  
in weekly dividends at the rate of seven per cent.  
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holder is liable to judge. No other investment  
yielding so large a return at so little risk.  
JOSHUA PEIRCE.

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Read this List and Profit by it.

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ing soda 3c. good Rio Coffee 2 lbs for 25c. extra Tea  
45c. good Tea 25c and 30c. We sell our groceries  
at the lowest cash prices.

Wooden Tin, China and Glass Ware.

Brooms 10c up, Buckets 10c, Spoons 5c, Axe  
Handles 12c, Tinware at our low prices.—Kettles  
6c, Cups 5c, Milkpans 2c per doz., Large Wash  
Bollers 8c, Dinner Kettles 8c up, Porcelain Kot-  
ties all sizes 45c. 3 tons of elegant China ware  
have arrived which we sell at first cost; good  
size Pitchers 8c, Wash Bolls and Pitchers 25c  
Cups and Saucers 2c up. We make up whole  
sets very low. Remember, we keep a first-class  
article as well as common. Our Glassware can  
not be excelled for fineness in quality and cheap-  
ness. Whole sets of Tumblers and plates only 50c. Col-  
lets 75c and 81c, Tumblers 40c per doz. A lot of  
earthen Butter Pots and Plates, etc., very cheap.

Dry Goods, Notions, Etc., Etc.  
Muslins 4c, Calico 3c, Child's dresses 20c, Stock-  
ings 5c, Hamburg Edging 4c, Shirting 5c up,  
Drill, for Overalls, 3c up; Laces 10c per yard up,  
Towelings 4c, Tildes 8c, White Counterpane 60c  
up, Kitting Cotton 4c. Large assortment of  
Dress Goods 8c per yard. Our Dry Goods are  
all new and stylish. Goods arriving daily from  
the manufacturers which we sell at low down  
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Elegant Clothing for Men's Fall and Winter  
Suits \$25, \$30, \$40; Boys' Suits \$2 up, Men's  
Wool Pants \$2, Boys' 75c up, Men's heavy work-  
ing Pants 70c up. Our Clothing are all first-  
class goods. Hats, all styles, 35c up; Sunday  
Hats 50c up, Boys' 30c, best 50c up. A full line  
of Men's Furnishing Goods. A splendid 3-ply  
Linen for only 15c, worth 21c; Suspensors 11c,  
Hosiery Caps, fancy cut, 15c; Brushes 10c.  
The only Store in Bucks County. Call on  
Selling Boots and Shoes \$2, Fine Gaiters \$1.25,  
Working Shoes \$1, Boys' Fine Gaiters \$1.50;  
School Shoes 70c up; the cheapest line of Boots  
and Shoes in the country. Ladies' Shoes 50c  
up, Child's Shoes, 20c.

Visit to Bristol's Grand Depot for bargains  
will convince you that we sell at astonishingly  
low prices, wholesale and retail.  
WOOD'S IMMENSE DEPOT,  
Bristol, Pa.

FIRE! FIRE! Look out for dangerous Oils!  
Buy only those which are safe, and which have  
been tested for years at Wood's store, and  
ask for WOOD'S SAFETY OIL, and you  
will get an article which he uses in 30 lamps  
nightly, and which he guarantees not to ex-  
plode. Only 18 cts. per gallon.

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EVERY VARIETY OF FISH from fresh and  
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Pie Bakery, where  
you will always  
find a large assort-  
ment of all kinds  
of Cakes and Pies  
also Bread of a superior quality and larger size  
than elsewhere. Give him a trial.

## KIDNEY WORT

THE ONLY REMEDY  
THAT ACTS AT THE SAME TIME ON  
THE LIVER,  
THE BOWELS,  
and the KIDNEYS.

This combined action gives it won-  
derful power to cure all diseases.

## Why Are We Sick?

Because we allow these great organs  
to become clogged or torpid, and  
poisonous humors are therefore forced  
into the blood that should be expelled  
naturally.

## KIDNEY WORT CURE

BILIOUSNESS, PILES, CONSTIPATION,  
KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, URINARY  
DISEASES, FEMALE WEAK-  
NESSES, GOUTY AFFECTIONS,  
RHEUMATISM.

By causing free action of these organs  
and restoring their power to throw off  
disease.

Why Suffer Bilious pains and aches?  
Why bleed with Hemorrhoids?  
Why frightened over disordered kidneys?  
Why endure nervous or sick headache?  
Why have aches and pains in the back?  
Why have aches and pains in the joints?  
Why have aches and pains in the limbs?  
Why have aches and pains in the head?  
Why have aches and pains in the eyes?  
Why have aches and pains in the ears?  
Why have aches and pains in the nose?  
Why have aches and pains in the throat?  
Why have aches and pains in the chest?  
Why have aches and pains in the stomach?  
Why have aches and pains in the bowels?  
Why have aches and pains in the bladder?  
Why have aches and pains in the uterus?  
Why have aches and pains in the vagina?  
Why have aches and pains in the rectum?  
Why have aches and pains in the anus?  
Why have aches and pains in the perineum?  
Why have aches and pains in the scrotum?  
Why have aches and pains in the testicles?  
Why have aches and pains in the epididymis?  
Why have aches and pains in the vas deferens?  
Why have aches and pains in the ureters?  
Why have aches and pains in the kidneys?  
Why have aches and pains in the adrenal glands?  
Why have aches and pains in the pancreas?  
Why have aches and pains in the spleen?  
Why have aches and pains in the liver?  
Why have aches and pains in the gall bladder?  
Why have aches and pains in the biliary ducts?  
Why have aches and pains in the stomachic ducts?  
Why have aches and pains in the pancreatic ducts?  
Why have aches and pains in the duodenum?  
Why have aches and pains in the jejunum?  
Why have aches and pains in the ileum?  
Why have aches and pains in the cecum?  
Why have aches and pains in the sigmoid flexure?  
Why have aches and pains in the rectum?  
Why have aches and pains in the anus?

Get it of your Druggist, or write to Dr.  
J. C. W. for it. Price, \$1.00.

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bacco, Narcotics, and Stimulants, removing all  
causes and habits of using any of them, and  
restoring the system to its normal condition, and  
restoring the control of the sobriety of them-  
selves or their friends.

It improves that absolute physical and moral  
prostration that follows the sudden breaking of  
an old habit, and restores the system to its  
normal condition, and restores the control of the  
sobriety of them-  
selves or their friends.

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needed, we send more than one bottle.

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